

WBS 6.6: Muons Management Overview

Tom Schwarz Level-2 Manager University of Michigan

Conceptual Design Review for the High Luminosity LHC Detector Upgrade
National Science Foundation
Arlington, Virginia
March 8-10, 2016



Level-2 Manager Bio

Tom Schwarz

- Assistant Professor at the University of Michigan
- Previous experiments: CDF and CMS (over a decade of experience in HEP)
- Current Level 2 Construction Manager for the HL-LHC Upgrade of the Muon Spectrometer
- Leads the R&D effort for the HL-LHC Upgrade at the University of Michigan
- Project Lead for the sTGC trigger signal packet router for the Phase I upgrade of the ATLAS new small wheel
- co-editor of the MDT electronics section for the HL-LHC IDR
- Invited reviewer for the muon spectrometer section of the HL-LHC upgrade scoping document
- BSE and MSE in Electrical Engineering
- 3 years of experience with silicon micro-machining, RF engineering, and microwave circuitry design

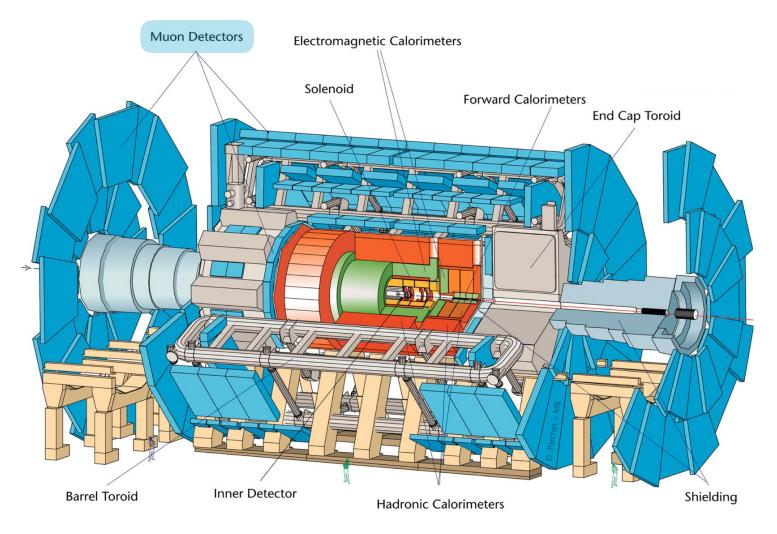


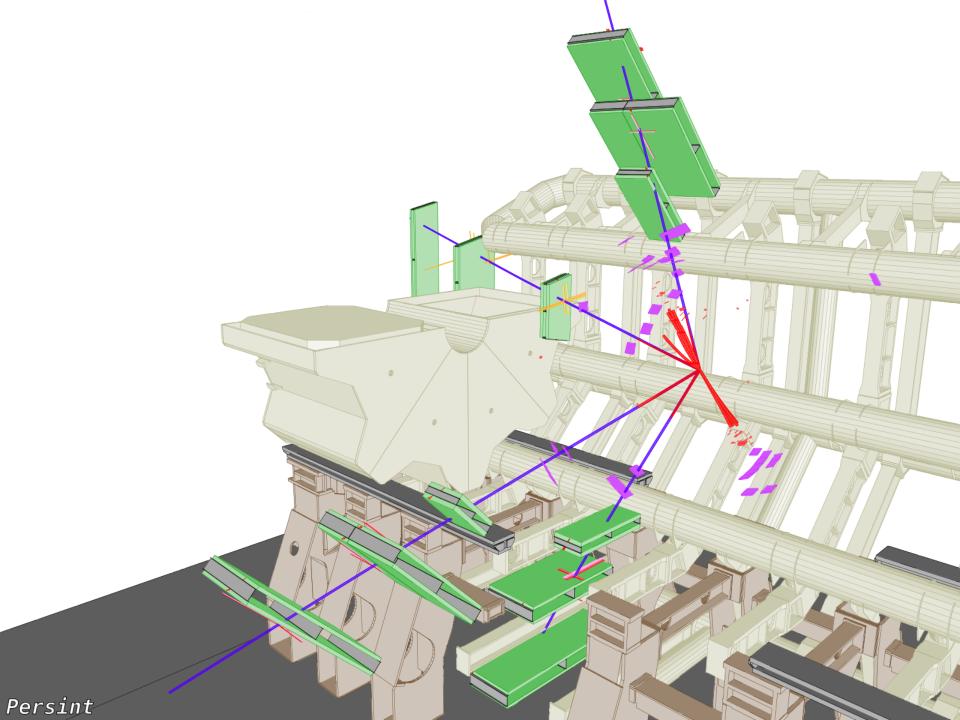
Outline

- Muon Spectrometer Overview
- Physics and Technical Requirements
- Proposed US HL-LHC Upgrade Scope
- NSF Deliverables
- System Management and Integration
- Costing Breakdown
- Schedule and Risks
- Contingency
- Closing Remarks



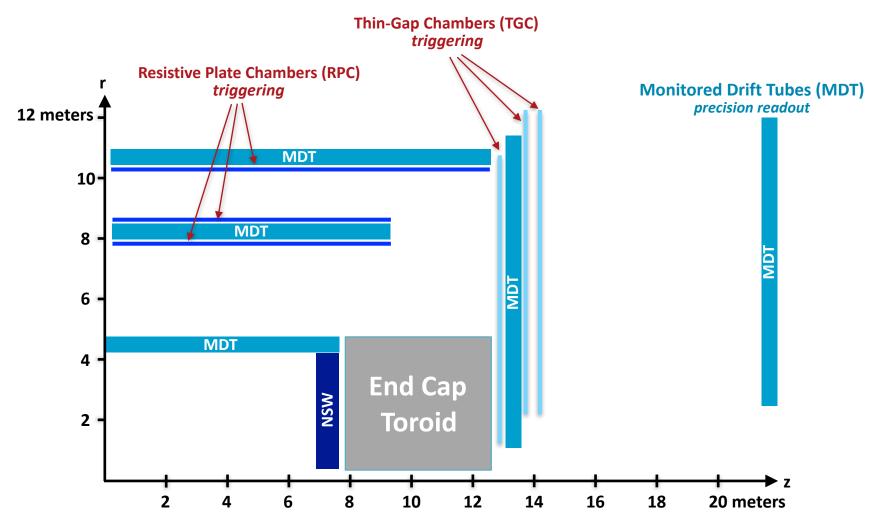
ATLAS Muon Spectrometer







Muon Spectrometer (r-z view)





ATLAS Muon Upgrade Scope

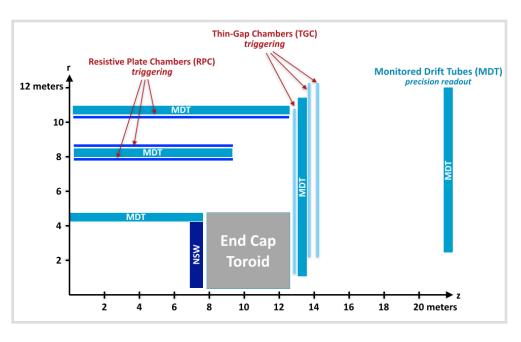
Upgrades to the muon spectrometer (readout electronics and chambers) are required to handle increased rates and fakes associated with HL-LHC luminosities

To cope with high rates,

→ The readout electronics of the MDT system must be replaced, as well as the barrel (RPC) and end-cap (TGC) triggering system.

To reduce fakes & improve trigger efficiency

- → p_T selectivity of tracks for the trigger will be improved by integrating MDT information into triggering (Level-0).
- To reduce fakes at high η ($2 < |\eta| < 2.4$), new sTGC's will be installed in the inner ring of the big wheel.
- → RPC and sMDT chambers will replace current MDT chambers in the inner barrel to allow for a 3-station MDT trigger





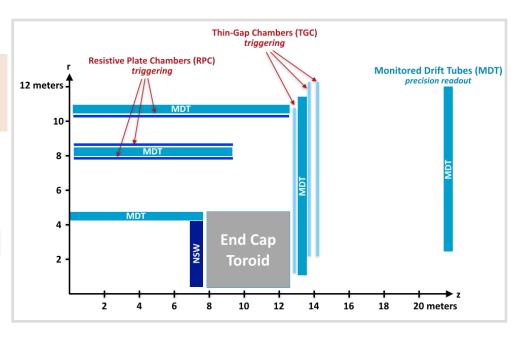
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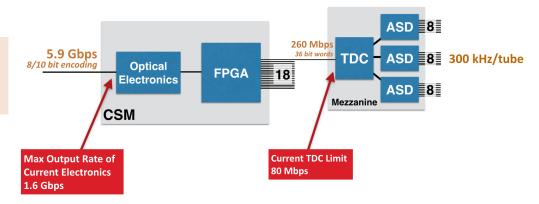
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Readout electronics must be able to handle 300 kHz/tube hit rate and a 1 MHz trigger, which is <u>not possible in the current system.</u>



Upgrades to the muon spectrometer (readout electronics and chambers) are required to handle increased rates and fakes associated with HL-LHC luminosities

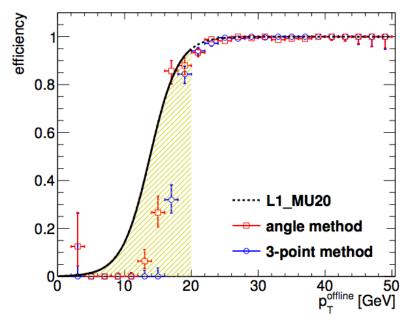
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MDT muon trigger turn-on curves for a two-station (red) and three station (blue) trigger compared with the RPC LO muon turn-on curve (black) in simulated data. Sharpening the turn-on curve will reduce the muon fake rate by 4x.



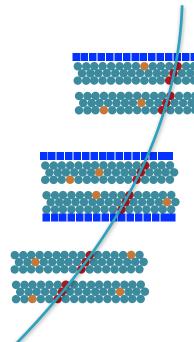
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To reduce fakes & improve trigger efficiency

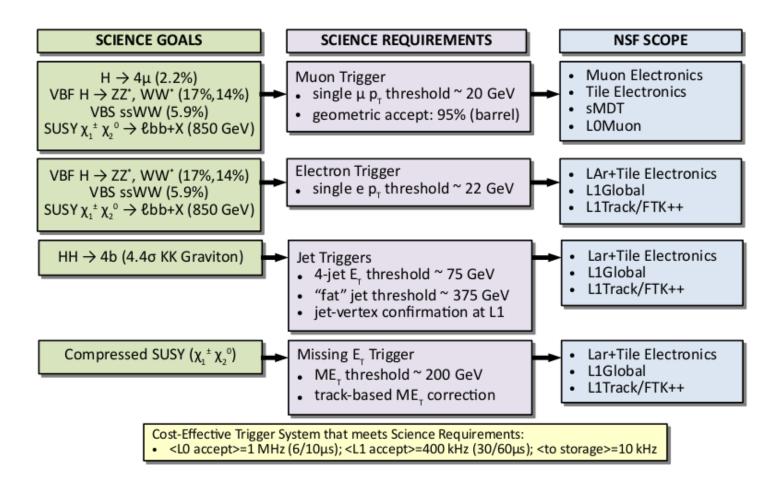
- → p_T selectivity of tracks for the trigger will be improved by integrating MDT information into triggering (Level-0).
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Adding RPC/MDT detectors to the inner barrel will allow for three-station triggering. This will improve trigger efficiency from 65 to 95% at the HL-LHC.

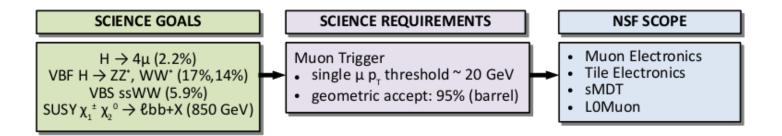


HL-LHC Science Goals





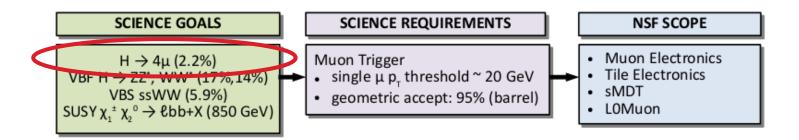
HL-LHC Science Goals

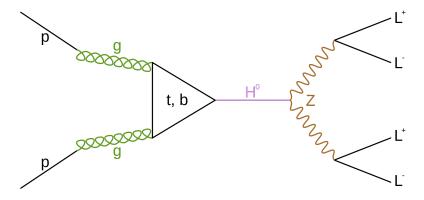


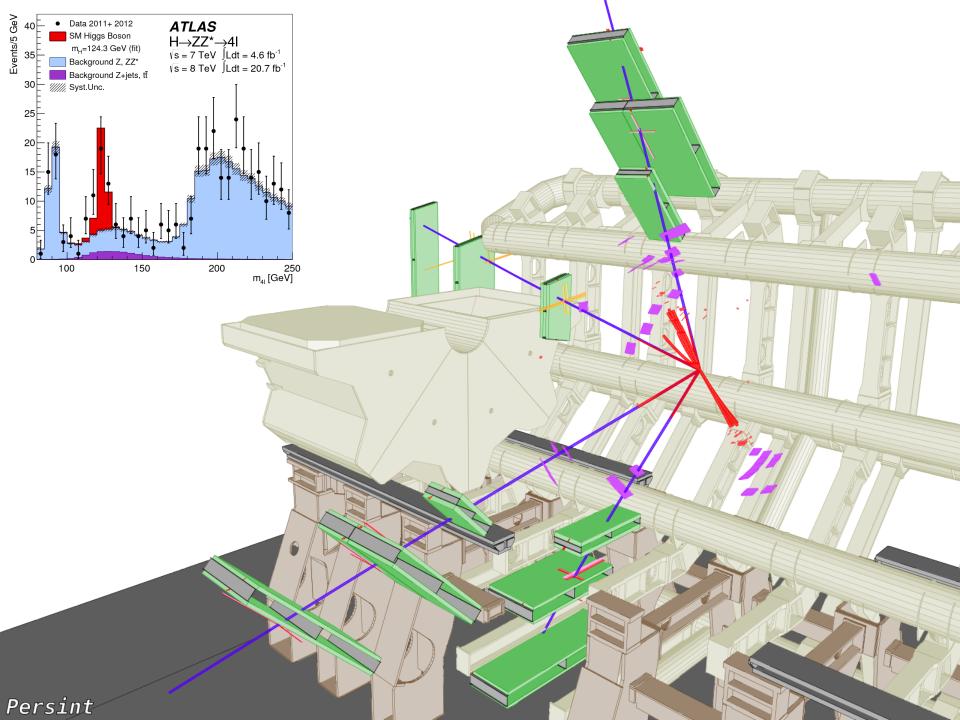
Triggering and recording High- p_T leptons (muons) are critical to nearly every physics objective of the ATLAS experiment.



Example: Higgs → 4µ

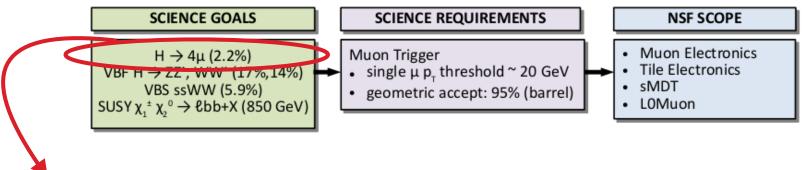




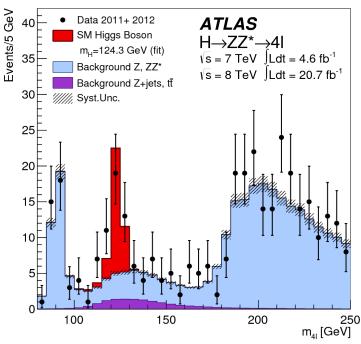




Example: Higgs \rightarrow 4 μ

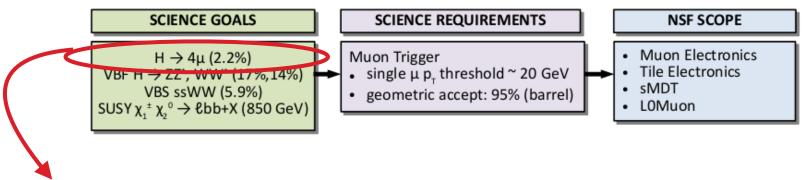


- Many new physics models result in <u>small</u> differences in the rate of Higgs boson production with respect to the standard model (Higgs Composite Models). This necessitates precision measurements of rates in all channels.
- 2.2% represents maximizing the potential of the experiment for this measurement (statistical uncertainty = systematic uncertainty)
- The measurement precision of the h→4µ rate is driven by statistics (event acceptance)

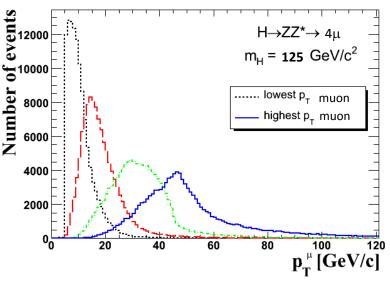




Example: Higgs → 4µ



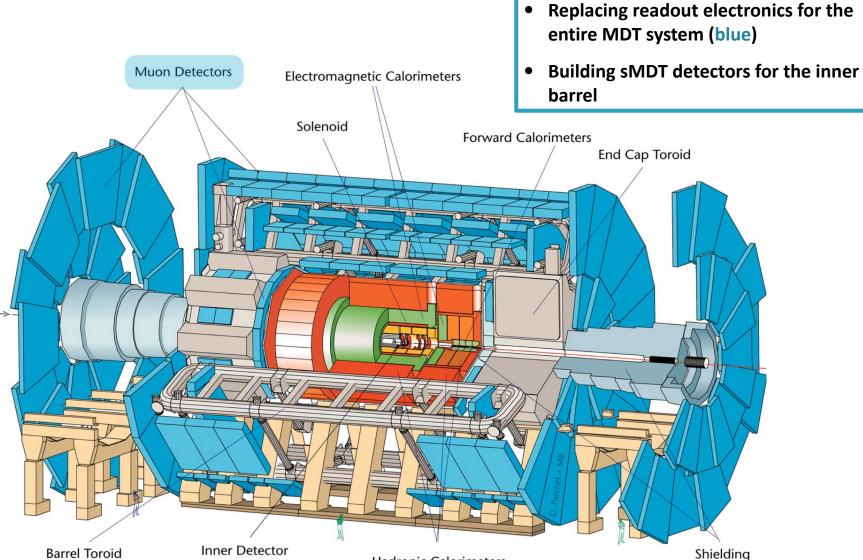
- Without the HL-LHC upgrade, we cannot handle the increased trigger rates, and therefore can't maintain the single muon p_T threshold of 20 GeV
- To handle the increased background rates we could raise the trigger threshold to 40 GeV.
- However, this would decrease the $h\rightarrow 4\mu$ acceptance by factor of ~ 2 .
- To reach maximum potential of the experiment, we would then need to run the experiment 2x longer (assuming hardware could withstand this lifetime)





NSF Scope: MDT System

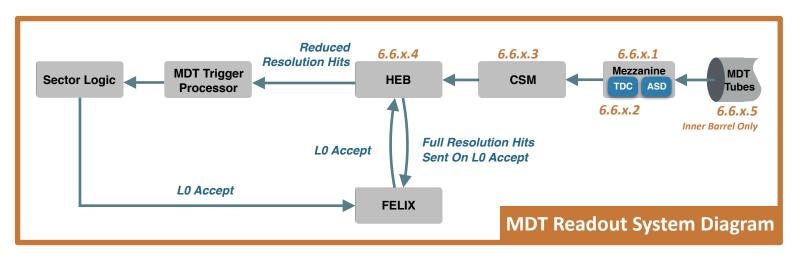
Improving Trigger Efficiency and Precision Tracking



Hadronic Calorimeters



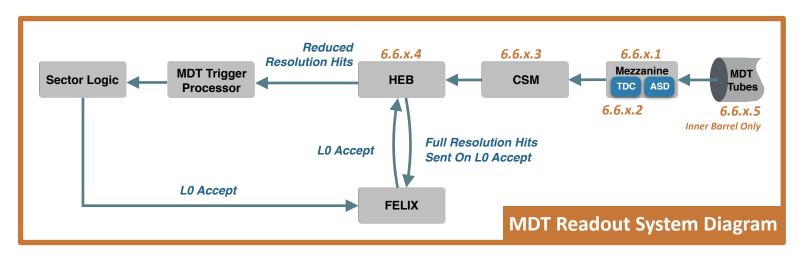
Summary of the NSF Scope



WBS	Deliverable	Functionality	# Produced by US	US Institutes	International Interests
6.6.x.1	PCB for Mezzanine	PCB board for the Mezzanine Card, which consists of three ASD and one TDC chips.	17,225 boards	University of Arizona <i>6.6.1.1</i>	none
6.6.x.2	Time-to-Digital Converter (TDC)	Stores arrival times of the leading and trailing edges of the MDT signal (asic chip)	22,000 chips	University of Michigan <i>6.6.3.2</i>	MPI (Collaborative), Japan
6.6.x.3	Chamber Service Module (CSM)	Data are formatted, stored, and sent via optical link to the Hit Extraction Board (HEB)	1300 boards	University of Michigan <i>6.6.3.3</i>	none
6.6.x.4	Hit Extraction Board (HEB)	Sends reduced resolution hits to the trigger processor and on a Level 0 accept sends full resolution hits to FELIX for readout	24 boards	University of Illinois Urbana-Champaign 6.6.4.4	none
6.6.x.5	sMDT	Short monitored drift tubes to be paired with new RPC's on inner barrel for trigger	48 chambers	Michigan State University (tubes) 6.6.5.5 University of Michigan (chambers) 6.6.3.5	MPI and Protovino (Collaborative - 50%)



End of Project



WBS	Deliverable	# Produced by US	US Institutes	End of Project
6.6.x.1	PCB for Mezzanine	17,225 boards	University of Arizona <i>6.6.1.1</i>	Delivery of all PCB boards to CERN, fully assembled and tested
6.6.x.2	Time-to-Digital Converter (TDC)	22,000 chips	University of Michigan <i>6.6.3.2</i>	Delivery of all chips to mezzanine assembly house, after testing
6.6.x.3	Chamber Service Module (CSM)	1300 boards	University of Michigan <i>6.6.3.3</i>	Delivery of all boards to CERN after testing
6.6.x.4	Hit Extraction Board (HEB)	24 boards	University of Illinois Urbana-Champaign 6.6.4.4	Deliver of all boards to CERN after testing
6.6.x.5	sMDT	48 chambers	Michigan State University (tubes) <i>6.6.5.5</i> University of Michigan (chambers) <i>6.6.3.5</i>	Delivery of 48 chambers to CERN, acceptance tested



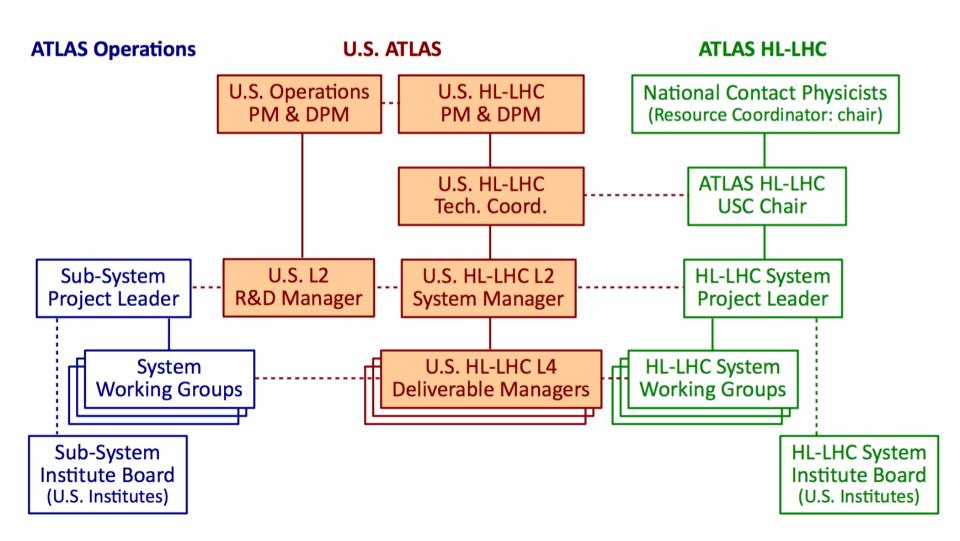
NSF Fraction of the Muon Upgrade

NSF FRACTIONS OF HL-LHC MUON SPECTROMETER UPGRADE

ATLAS	ATLAS Item	US		NSF Fi	action
WBS	(Scoping Doc)	WBS	Deliverable	Design	Production
5	Muon Spectrometer	6.5	Muon Spectrometer		20%
5.1	MDT				
5.1.1	sMDT detector				
			sMDT Tubes	50%	50%
			sMDT Chambers	50%	50%
5.1.2	sMDT installation basket				-
5.1.3	Mezzanine cards				
			PCB Board	100%	100%
			ASD		-
			TDC	100%	100%
5.1.4	CSM cards				
		-	CSM	100%	100%
			Hit Extraction Board	100%	100%
5.2	RPC				
5.2.1	Detectors				
5.2.2	Installation mock-up				
5.2.3	Installation tooling	-			
5.2.4	On-detector electronics (DCT	<u>'</u>)			
5.3	TGC				
5.3.1	On-detector electronics PS)				
5.3.2	sTGC on BW inner ring				
5.4	High Eta-Tagger				
5.4.1	Detector				
5.4.2	FE electronics	·			
5.4.3	Services and infrastructure				
5.5	Power System				
5.5.1	MDT				
5.5.2	RPC				
5.5.3	TGC				



ATLAS Organization

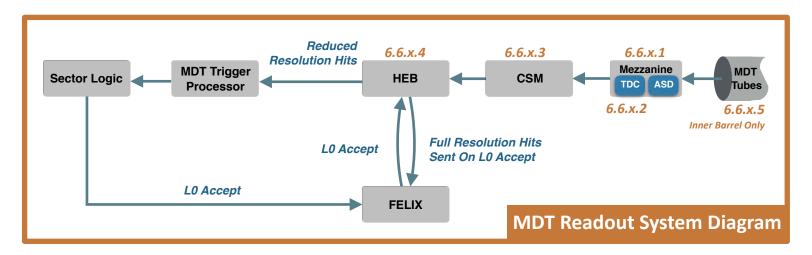




External Dependencies

HL-LHC EXTERNAL DEPENDENCIES FOR NSF DELIVERABLES

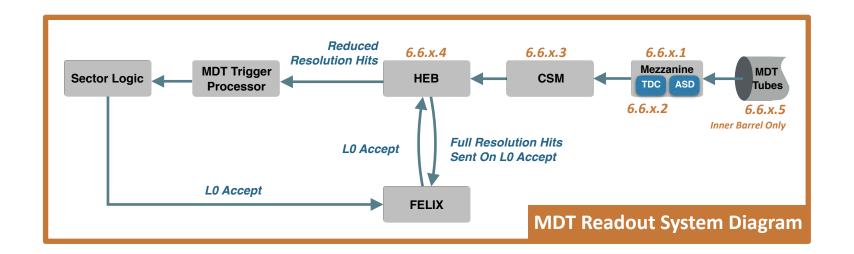
WBS	Title	ltem	External Dependency	Mitigation Strategy
6.6	Muon			
6.6.x.1	Mezzanine Card		ASD (Germany)	Engineers at US institutes are closely collaborating with
				German institutues working on the ASD. Delays in the ASD
				will only affect pre-construction/construction. Based on the
1				ASD timescale, several months of delay in final production of
				the ASD will not affect Mezzanine production. say 2 years of
				FLOAT
6.6.x.2	TDC		ASD (Germany)	Engineers at US institutes are closely collaborating with
				German institutues working on the ASD. Delays in the ASD
1				will not affect the TDC development.
6.6.x.3	CSM		project is self-contained to NSF	
6.6.x.4	HEB		project is self-contained to NSF	
6.6.x.5	sMDT		project is self-contained to NSF	





System Management & Integration

- Dan Levin (Senior Research Scientist at the University of Michigan) has agreed to act as Integration Engineer for the US HL-LHC upgrade of the Muon System.
- Primary Responsibilities
 - Organize "Expert Weeks" during R&D and pre-production
 - Organize reviews of designs and ensure CERN requirements have been met.
 - Monitor project schedules, identify and address any problems.
 - Liaison with the international ATLAS muon project leaders



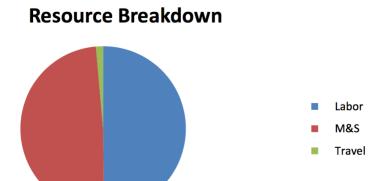


Budget and Effort

Estimates based on the following:

- LABOR: previous experience with similar deliverables and salaries of current employees capable of work - scaled by inflation
- PRODUCTION M&S: similar previous deliverable scaled by inflation, with quotes used for any known new components
- PROTOTYPE M&S: costs scaled from other similar developed prototypes, and quotes from fabrication houses
- TRAVEL: Known travel for specific needs, and some regular travel between collaborating institutions

Costing of Individual
Deliverables described in
detail in BoE's



WBS 6.6 Muon L2 NSF

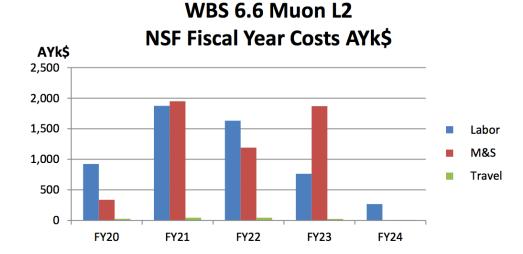
	6.06 Muon NSF Total Cost (AYk\$)											
FY20 FY21 FY22 FY23 FY24 Grand T												
NSF												
Labor	923	1,874	1,632	764	267	5,460						
M&S	339	1,949	1,192	1,868	2	5,350						
Travel	28	45	45	27	8	154						
NSF Total	1,291	3,868	2,869	2,659	277	10,964						



Budget and Effort

- Profile is defined by deliverables needed for sMDT detectors, which are installed earlier.
 This includes the sMDT's, TDC, and CSM.
- Later required deliverables, the PCB for the MDT's and the HEB, are responsible for the FY23 jump in M&S.
- Engineer Labor is high in early years for design, technician labor ramps to later

years for construction

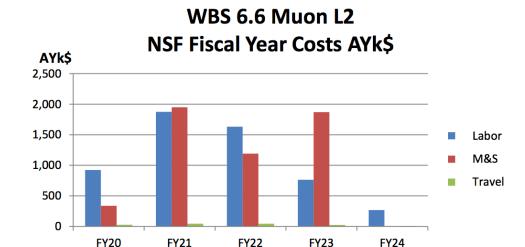


6.6 Muon NSF Total Cost by deliverable (AYk\$)									
Deliverable/Item	FY20	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY24	Total			
6.6.1.1 PCB for Mezzanine	138	261	302	1,253	92	2,046			
6.6.3.2 TDC	163	387	919	124	-	1,593			
6.6.3.3 CSM	224	1,688	364	156	-	2,432			
6.6.3.4 HEB	174	347	348	1,126	185	2,180			
6.6.x.5 sMDT	591	1,185	936	-	-	2,713			
6.6.3.5 sMDT	321	648	497	-	-	1,466			
6.6.5.5 sMDT	270	537	439	-	-	1,246			
NSF Grand Total	1,291	3,868	2,869	2,659	277	10,964			



Budget and Effort

- Profile is defined by deliverables needed for sMDT detectors, which are installed earlier.
 This includes the sMDT's, TDC, and CSM.
- Later required deliverables, the PCB for the MDT's and the HEB, are responsible for the FY23 jump in M&S.
- Labor ramps down after construction, modulated by the different deliverable enddates.

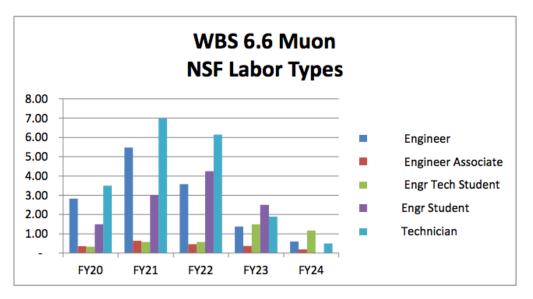


6.6 Muon NSF Total FTEs by deliverable										
Deliverable/Item	FY20	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY24	Grand Total				
6.6.1.1 PCB for Mezzanine	1.02	1.95	1.60	2.14	1.47	8.18				
6.6.3.2 TDC	1.50	2.75	2.75	1.50	-	8.50				
6.6.3.3 CSM	2.00	4.00	3.90	2.00	-	11.90				
6.6.3.4 HEB	1.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	1.00	8.00				
6.6.x.5 sMDT	3.00	6.00	4.75	-	_	13.75				
6.6.3.5 sMDT	2.00	4.00	3.00	-	-	9.00				
6.6.5.5 sMDT	1.00	2.00	1.75	-	-	4.75				
NSF Grand Total	8.52	16.70	15.00	7.64	2.47	50.33				



Labor Breakdown

 Engineer Labor is high in early years for design, technician and student labor ramps to later years for construction and QA/QC



6.6	Muon NSF	iotal FT	es by Lab	or Type		
Deliverable/Item	FY20	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY24	Grand Tota
6.6.1 Muon_Arizona	1.02	1.95	1.60	2.14	1.47	8.18
6.6.1.1 PCB for Mezzanine	1.02	1.95	1.60	2.14	1.47	8.18
Engineer	0.32	0.72	0.57	0.28	0.11	2.00
Engineer Associate	0.36	0.64	0.46	0.37	0.19	2.02
Engr Tech Student	0.33	0.58	0.58	1.50	1.17	4.17
Engr Student	-	-	-	-	-	-
Technician	-	-	-	-	-	-
6.6.3 Muon_Michigan	5.50	10.75	9.65	3.50	_	29.40
6.6.3.2 TDC	1.50	2.75	2.75	1.50	-	8.50
Engineer	0.50	0.75	0.35	0.10	-	1.70
Engineer Associate	-	-	-	-	-	-
Engr Tech Student	-	-	-	-	-	-
Engr Student	0.50	1.00	1.50	1.00	-	4.00
Technician	0.50	1.00	0.90	0.40	-	2.80
6.6.3.3 CSM	2.00	4.00	3.90	2.00	_	11.90
Engineer	1.00	2.00	0.90	-	_	3.90
Engineer Associate	-	_	-	-	_	-
Engr Tech Student	_	_	-	-	_	-
Engr Student	0.50	1.00	2.00	1.50	_	5.00
Technician	0.50	1.00	1.00	0.50	_	3.00
6.6.3.5 sMDT	2.00	4.00	3.00		_	9.00
Engineer	0.50	1.00	0.75	_	_	2.25
Engineer Associate	_	_	_	_	_	-
Engr Tech Student	_	_	_	_	_	_
Engr Student	0.50	1.00	0.75	-	_	2.25
Technician	1.00	2.00	1.50	_	_	4.50
6.6.4 Muon_Illinois	1.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	1.00	8.00
6.6.4.4 HEB	1.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	1.00	8.00
Engineer	0.50	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.50	4.00
Engineer Associate	-	-	-	-	-	-
Engr Tech Student	_	_	_	_	_	_
Engr Student	_	_	_	_	_	_
Technician	0.50	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.50	4.00
6.6.5 Muon MSU	1.00	2.00	1.75			4.75
6.6.5.5 sMDT	1.00	2.00	1.75		_	4.75
Engineer			-	_	_	-
Engineer Associate	_	_	_	_	_	_
Engr Tech Student	_	_	_	_	_	_
Engr Student		_	_	_	_	
Technician	1.00	2.00	1.75		_	4.75
NSF Grand Total	8.52	16.70	15.00	7.64	2.47	50.33
Engineer	2.82	5.47	3.57	1.38	0.61	13.85
Engineer Associate	0.36	0.64	0.46	0.37	0.61	2.02
Engr Tech Student	0.33	0.54	0.46	1.50	1.17	4.17
Engr Student	1.50	3.00	4.25	2.50	1.17	11.25
Technician	3.50	7.00	6.15	1.90	0.50	19.05



Costs by Phase

6.6 M	6.6 Muon NSF Total Cost by Phase (AYk\$)									
Deliverable/Item/Phase	FY20	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY24	Grand Total				
6.6.1 Muon_Arizona	138	261	302	1,253	92	2,046				
6.6.1.1 PCB for Mezzanine	138	261	302	1,253	92	2,046				
Design	138	261	110	0	0	509				
Prototype	0	0	191	65	0	256				
Production	0	0	0	1,189	92	1,281				
6.6.3 Muon_Michigan	708	2,724	1,780	280	0	5,491				
6.6.3.2 TDC	163	387	919	124	0	1,593				
Design/Prototype	163	153	0	0	0	316				
Pre-Production	0	235	120	0	0	355				
Production	0	0	798	124	0	922				
6.6.3.3 CSM	224	1,688	364	156	0	2,432				
Design/Prototype	105	6	0	0	0	111				
Pre-Production	119	435	3	0	0	556				
Production	0	1,247	362	156	0	1,765				
6.6.3.5 sMDT	321	648	497	0	0	1,466				
Tooling Construction	0	0	0	0	0	0				
Tube Construction	0	0	0	0	0	0				
Chamber Construction	321	648	497	0	0	1,466				
6.6.4 Muon_Illinois	174	347	348	1,126	185	2,180				
6.6.4.4 HEB	174	347	348	1,126	185	2,180				
Design/Prototype	174	168	0	0	0	342				
Pre-Production	0	178	173	0	0	352				
Production	0	0	175	1,126	185	1,486				
6.6.5 Muon_MSU	270	537	439	0	0	1,246				
6.6.5.5 sMDT	270	537	439	0	0	1,246				
Tooling Construction	0	0	0	0	0	0				
Tube Construction	270	537	439	0	0	1,246				
Chamber Construction	0	0	0	0	0	0				
NSF Grand Total	1,291	3,868	2,869	2,659	277	10,964				



Labor by Phase

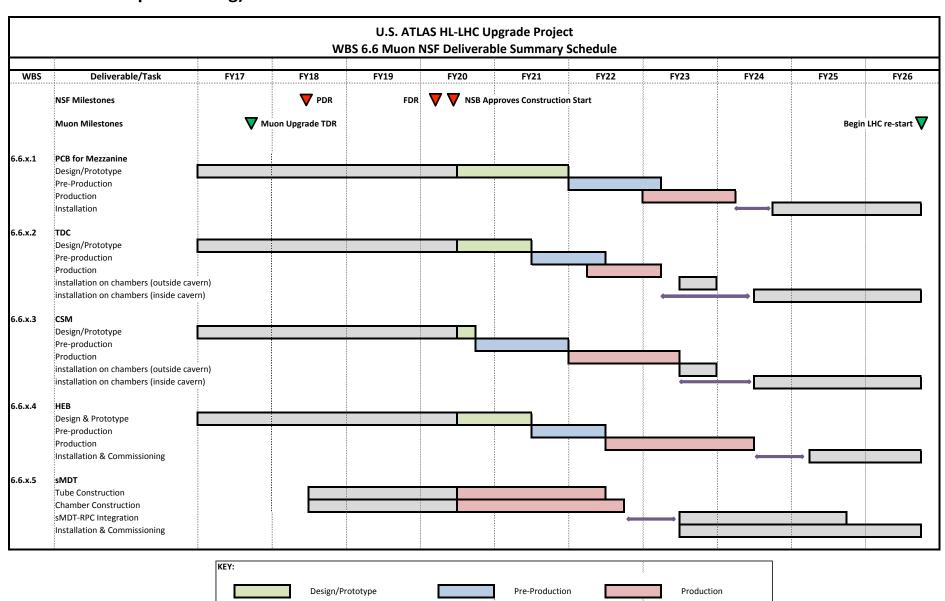
6.6 Muon NSF Total FTEs by Phase									
Deliverable/Item/Phase	FY20	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY24	Grand Total			
6.6.1 Muon_Arizona	1.02	1.95	1.60	2.14	1.47	8.18			
6.6.1.1 PCB for Mezzanine	1.02	1.95	1.60	2.14	1.47	8.18			
Design	1.02	1.95	0.93	-	-	3.90			
Prototype	-	-	0.67	0.67	-	1.35			
Production	-	-	-	1.47	1.47	2.94			
6.6.3 Muon_Michigan	5.50	10.75	9.65	3.50	-	29.40			
6.6.3.2 TDC	1.50	2.75	2.75	1.50	-	8.50			
Design/Prototype	1.50	1.50	-	-	-	3.00			
Pre-Production	-	1.25	1.25	-	-	2.50			
Production	-	-	1.50	1.50	-	3.00			
6.6.3.3 CSM	2.00	4.00	3.90	2.00	-	11.90			
Design/Prototype	0.80	-	-	-	-	0.80			
Pre-Production	1.20	4.00	-	-	-	5.20			
Production	-	-	3.90	2.00	-	5.90			
6.6.3.5 sMDT	2.00	4.00	3.00	-	-	9.00			
Tooling Construction	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Tube Construction	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Chamber Construction	2.00	4.00	3.00	-	-	9.00			
6.6.4 Muon_Illinois	1.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	1.00	8.00			
6.6.4.4 HEB	1.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	1.00	8.00			
Design/Prototype	1.00	1.00	-	-	-	2.00			
Pre-Production	-	1.00	1.00	-	-	2.00			
Production	-	-	1.00	2.00	1.00	4.00			
6.6.5 Muon_MSU	1.00	2.00	1.75	-	-	4.75			
6.6.5.5 sMDT	1.00	2.00	1.75	-	-	4.75			
Tooling Construction	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Tube Construction	1.00	2.00	1.75	-	-	4.75			
Chamber Construction	-	-	-	-	-	-			
NSF Grand Total	8.52	16.70	15.00	7.64	2.47	50.33			



Distribution at Institutions (L3)

6.6 Muon NSF Level 3 Cost (AYk\$) **FY20** FY21 **FY22 FY23 FY24 Grand Total NSF** 6.6.1 Muon_Arizona 138 261 302 1,253 92 2,046 6.6.3 Muon_Michigan 5,491 708 2,724 1,780 280 6.6.4 Muon_Illinois 174 347 348 1,126 185 2,180 6.6.5 Muon_MSU 1,246 270 537 439 **NSF Total** 1,291 3,868 2,869 2,659 277 10,964

Schedule built from scoping document and consultation with ATLAS management (particularly Muon Project Leader Christoph Amelung)



Other

Minimum Float

not supported by Project



Risks

Low risk due to experience of personnel and similarity of deliverables to previous projects. More detail in the BoE's. These are the largest risks.

Schedule Risk:

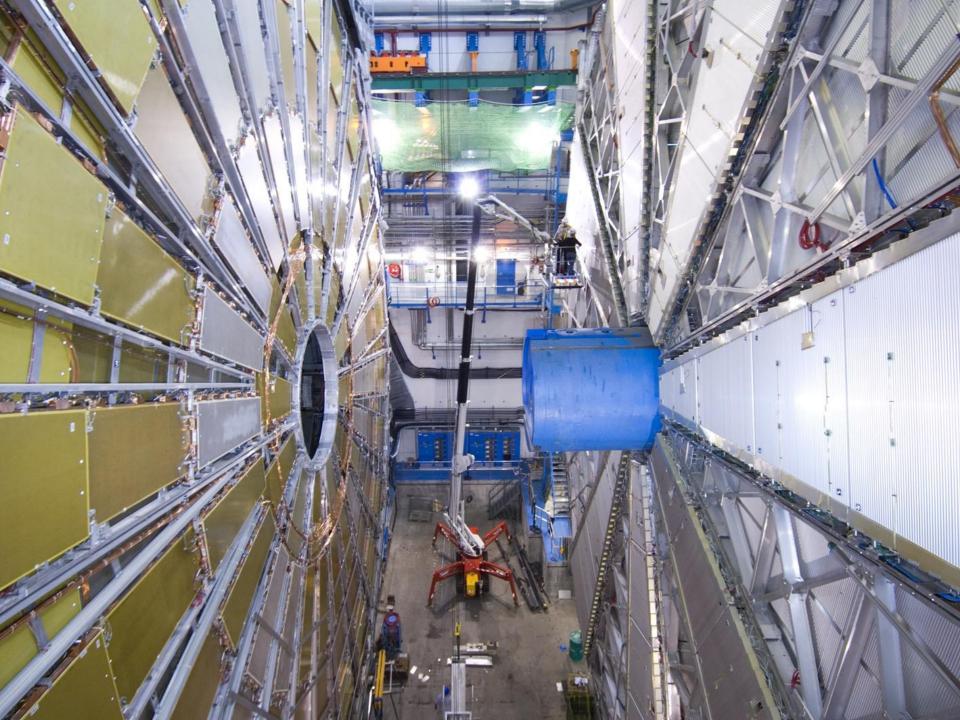
- **Probability:** Low
- **Potential Problem:** Some mezzanine cards in the detector will be unreachable and therefore cannot be replaced.
- **Mitigation:** Jr EE hired to handle CSM firmware modifications such that these chambers can still be read out with the new front-end system.

Schedule Risk:

- Probability: Low
- Potential Problem: Current motherboard and cables that connect the mezzanine and the CSM cannot handle the data rates required for the new CSM and new Mezzanine. If the cables need to be replaced it will require more work on-detector.
- **Mitigation:** Tests have been performed on the current motherboard/cables to demonstrate they can handle required data rates for the maximum cable lengths needed for the new designs. We are only considering system designs that can utilize these cables.



Please see Risk Registry for more





Contingency and Opportunity

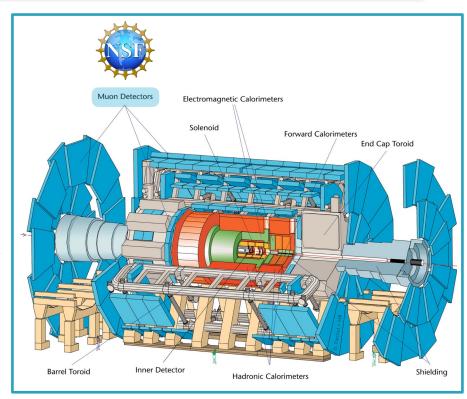
- 35% Budget Contingency for low-risk system
 - Material Contingency Rule 4:
 - "25-40% contingency on: items that can be readily estimated from a reasonably detailed but not completed design; items adapted from existing designs but with minor modifications, produced within the previous two years, with documented costs. A recent vendor survey based on a preliminary design belongs here."
 - Some quotes are also integrated into estimates, but this is a conservative rule to apply.
 - Labor Contingency Rule 3:
 - "25-40% contingency for a task that is conventional, well defined and tends to be repeatable with good
 confidence but can expect small fluctuations; .for example, testing of production electronics components (most
 boards take the same unit time, a few take longer); for example, fabrication of multiple similar components but
 which are not an assembly-line process; for example, design labor for conventional items which offer little to no
 technical risk."
 - We did assume 3% inflation on top of actual 2016 salaries.
- Scope Contingency
 - TDC (6.6.3.2)
 - US task would reduce to design only. MPI (Germany) and USTC (China) have been identified as likely institutes to take over construction.
 - Decision probably would need to be made FY20/FY21 to allow enough time for US and ATLAS management to find another institution.
 - Save \$1.2M
- Scope Opportunity
 - There is no scope opportunity. We are leading the most important deliverables for the muon spectrometer system. Any other deliverables outside this scope take us away from our expertise and do not fit within the theme of our scope.



Closing Remarks

- NSF taking the most impactful components of the HL-LHC upgrade for Muons.
- All deliverables led by institutes with previous experience and strong existing infrastructure.
- We are fairly invariant to ATLAS decisions. Projects are high priority and exist in all ATLAS scoping scenarios.
- The TDC faces some international competition. The ASIC-based TDC could be an option not selected by ATLAS.
- Institutes working on CSM, HEB, and TDC are already performing R&D towards developing a demonstrator system for the TDR (Due June 30th, 2017).

WBS	Deliverable	US Institutes		
6.6.x.1	PCB for Mezzanine	University of Arizona <i>6.6.1.1</i>		
6.6.x.2	Time-to-Digital Converter (TDC)	University of Michigan <i>6.6.3.2</i>		
6.6.x.3	Chamber Service Module (CSM)	University of Michigan <i>6.6.3.3</i>		
6.6.x.4	Hit Extraction Board (HEB)	University of Illinois Urbana-Champaign 6.6.4.4		
6.6.x.5	sMDT	Michigan State University (tubes) 6.6.5.5 University of Michigan (chambers) 6.6.3.5		



	6.06 Muon NSF Total Cost (AYk\$)												
FY20 FY21 FY22 FY23 FY24 Grand Tota													
NSF													
Labor	923	1,874	1,632	764	267	5,460							
M&S	339	1,949	1,192	1,868	2	5,350							
Travel	28	45	45	27	8	154							
NSF Total	1,291	3,868	2,869	2,659	277	10,964							